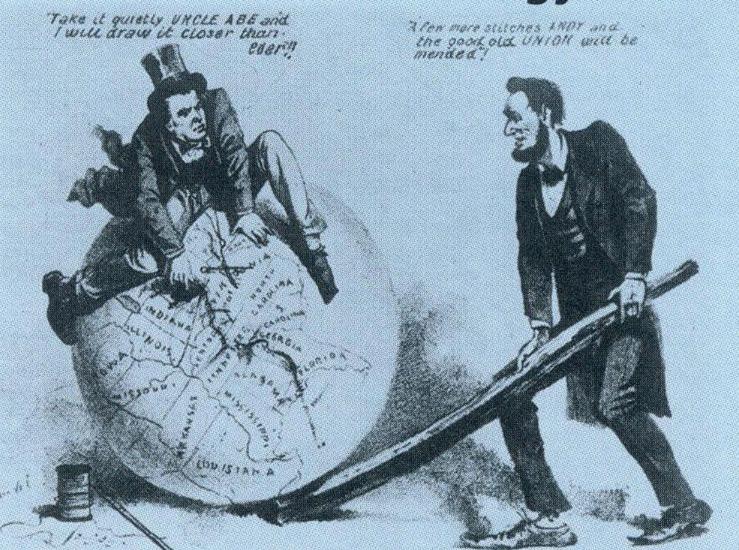
A Johnson Chronology



1808

Born December 29 in Raleigh N.C., to Jacob and Mary McDonough Johnson.

1827 Marries Eliza McCardle, Greeneville, Tenn. They have five children, 1828-52.

Tennessee State Library

1829-30 Alderman for the city of Greeneville. 1832

Appointed trustee of Rhea Academy, Greene-ville.

1834 Mayor of Greeneville.

1835-37
Tennessee State Legislator, Democratic Party.
Defeated 1837 and reelected 1839.

1840
Presidential elector; supports Democrat Martin Van Buren.

1841Tennessee State Senator.

1843-53 U.S. Representative, 1st Congressional District of Tennessee. Term marked by fiscal conservatism, opposition to tariffs, support for annexation of Texas, campaign for Homestead Bill.

1853-57

Governor of Tennessee. Reforms public education, establishes State Agriculture Dept. and public libraries.

1857-62

U.S. Senator. Continues support of Homestead Bill, urges popular election of President, U.S. Senators, and federal judges. Delivers famous anti-secession speech Dec. 18-19,

1860. Only senator from seceding state to return to Capitol after outbreak of Civil War.

1862-64
Military Governor of Tennessee. Establishes provisional government. Emancipates slaves in Tennessee. Advocates general amnesty for secessionists.

1865 Vice-president of the United States.

1865-69
17th President of the United States as of Lincoln's death April 15. Seeks to restore

Union; opposes radical Reconstruction. Signs purchase of Alaska Territory, 1867. Impeached 1868 for violation of Tenure of Office Act; acquitted in May. Proclaims general amnesty for secessionists in December 1868.

ADMIT THE BEAR!

MARCH 13.1868

1875

U.S. Senator. Only former President to return to U.S. Senate. Dies July 31; buried in Greeneville.